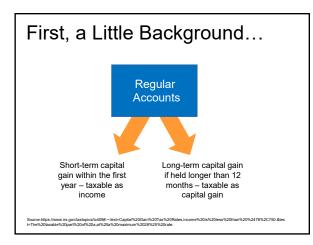




Income tax	If taxable income is over	But not over	The tax is	Of the amount over
Married/Filing	\$0	\$20,550	\$0.00+10%	\$0
jointly and qualifying	520,550	\$83,550	\$2,055+12%	\$20,550
widow(er)s	\$83,550	5178,150	\$9,615 + 22%	\$83,550
	\$178,150	5340,100	\$30,427 + 24%	\$178,150
	\$340,100	\$431,900	\$69,295 +32%	\$340,100
	\$431,900	\$647,850	\$98,671+35%	\$431,900
	\$647,850		\$174,253.50+37%	\$647,850
Single	50	\$10,275	50.00 + 10%	50
	\$10,275	\$41,775	\$1,027.50 + 12%	\$10,275
	\$41,775	\$89,075	\$4,807.50+22%	\$41,775
	\$89,075	5170,050	\$15,213.50 + 24%	\$89,075
	\$170,050	\$215,950	\$34,647.50+32%	\$170,050
	\$215,950	\$\$39,900	\$49,335.50+35%	\$215,950
	\$539,900		\$162,718+37%	\$539,900
Estates and	50	\$2,750	\$0.00 + 10%	50
trusts	52,750	\$9,850	\$275+24%	52,750
	\$9,850	\$13,450	\$1,979 + 35%	\$9,850
	\$13,450		\$3,239 + 37%	\$13,450

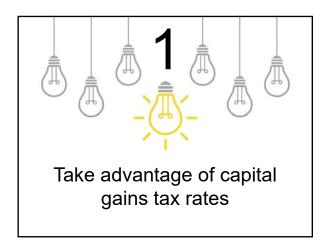






Single Married/Filing jointly/Qualifying Widow(er)	Tax rate
\$0-\$40,400 \$0-\$80,800	0%
Over \$40,400 but not Over \$80,800 but not over over \$445,850 \$501,600	15%
Over \$445,850 Over \$501,600	20%







Taking Advantage of Capital Gains Rates

Offset gains against losses

Long-Term Capital Gains Minus(-) Short-Term Capital Loss Net Capital Gain

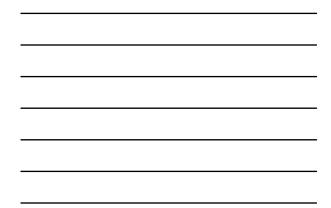


Taking Advantage of Capital Gains Rates

- Offset gains against losses
- Try to hold on to investments for at least one year
- Hold individual equities in regular investment accounts

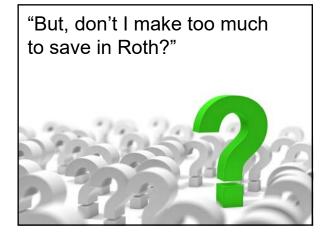






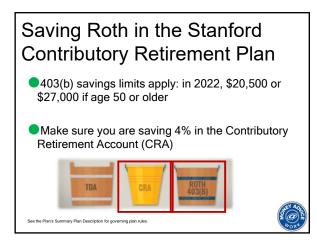
Income tax	If taxable income is over	But not over	The tax is	Of the amount over	
Married/Filing	\$0	\$20,550	\$0.00+10%	\$0	Pretax
jointly and qualifying	\$20,550	\$83,550	\$2,055+12%	\$20,550	Pretax
widow(er)s	\$83,550	\$178,150	\$9,615 + 22%	\$83,550	Roth
	\$178,150	\$340,100	\$30,427 + 24%	\$178,150	
	\$340,100	\$431,900	\$69,295+32%	\$340,100	
	\$431,900	\$647,850	\$98,671 + 35%	\$431,900	
	\$647,850		\$174,253.50 + 37%	\$647,850	

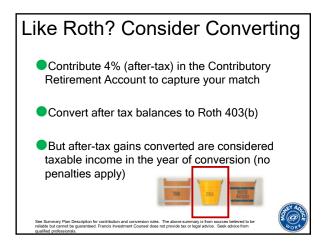


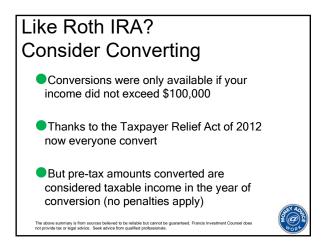


your filing status is	And your modified AGI is	Then you can contribute
rried filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	- \$294,000	up to the limit
arried filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	2 \$204,000 but < \$214,000	a reduced amount
arried filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	≥ \$214,000	pero
sarried filing separately and you lived with your pouse at any time during the year	<\$10,000	a reduced amount
arried filing separately and you lived with your souse at any time during the year	± \$10,000	2040
igle, head of household, or married filing parately and you did not live with your spouse at any ne during the year	<\$129,000	up to the <u>limit</u>
ingle, head of household, or married filing sparately and you did not live with your spouse at any me during the year	≥ \$129,000 but < \$144,000	a reduced amount
ingle, head of household, or married filing eparately and you did not live with your spouse at any me during the year	±\$144,000	2mr0

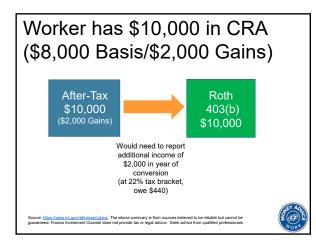
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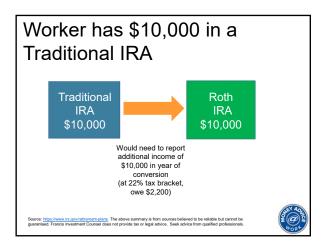






All growth after conversion would be tax-free!

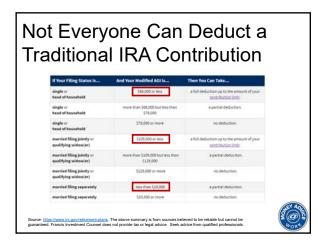




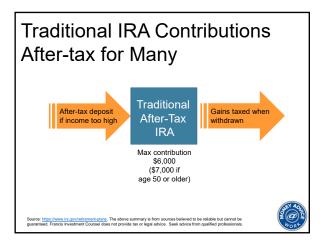




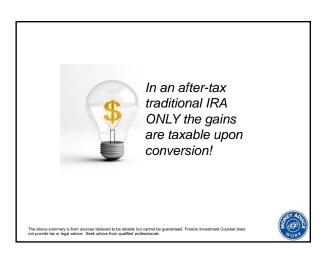


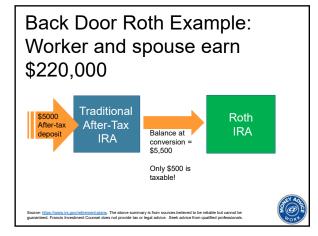




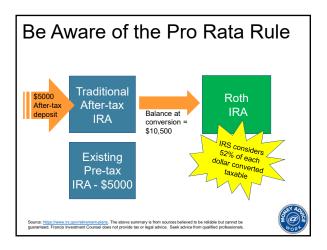




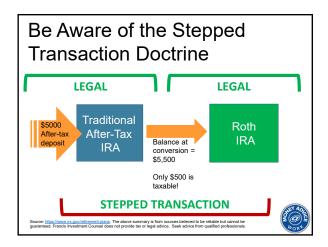
















Required Minimum Distributions

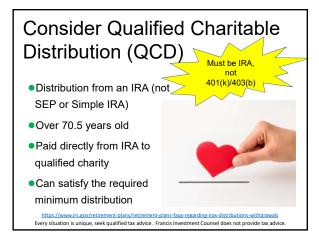
Effective in 2020

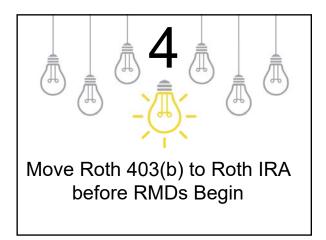
rce: NAPA Net Staff. "Key SECURE Act F

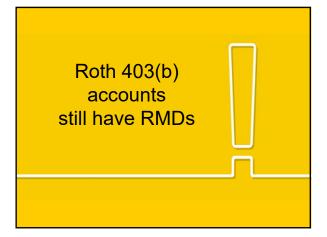
• Age moved from 70 ½ to 72

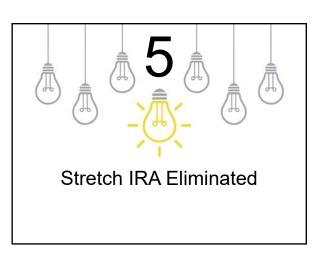
ons and Effective Dates." 17 Dec. 2019. NAPA-net.org











OLD: "Stretch" IRA?

Non-spouse beneficiaries could roll over account into beneficiary IRA and take annual draws over their lifetime



33

NEW: Distribution within 10 Years

- •No annual draws required but account must be <u>distributed within 10 years</u>
- Pre-tax payments taxable at beneficiary's tax rate
- In the clear if IRA was inherited before January 1, 2020

tera." 15 Jan. 2020. Groom.org

34

35

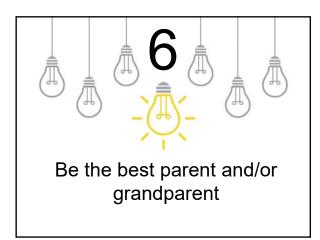
Still Entitled to Stretch

ee. Chairman Richard E Neal

Action by Plan Service

Spouse

- Disabled
- Minor children
- Person less than ten years younger than deceased



Make Roth IRA contributions for the kids

• May contribute a maximum of \$6,000 in 2022 or their W2 Income if less than the \$6,000

Source: https://www.irs.gov/retirement-plans. The above summary is from sources believed to be reliable but cannot be guaranteed. Francis Investment Coursel does not provide tax or legal advice. Seek advice from qualified professionals.







